

SUPERVISOR TO ATTACH  
PROCESSING LABEL HERE

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Write your **student number** in the boxes above.

**Letter**

# Mathematical Methods Examination 1

## Question and Answer Book

VCE Examination – Wednesday 5 November 2025

- 
- Reading time is **15 minutes**: 9.00 am to 9.15 am
  - Writing time is **1 hour**: 9.15 am to 10.15 am

### Materials supplied

- Question and Answer Book of 16 pages
- Formula Sheet

### Instructions

Students are **not** permitted to bring any technology (calculators or software), or notes of any kind, into the examination room.

Students are **not** permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room.

---

Contents	pages
9 questions (40 marks)	2–13



**Instructions**

- Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.
  - Write your responses in English.
  - In all questions where a numerical answer is required, an **exact** value must be given unless otherwise specified.
  - In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working **must** be shown.
  - Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are **not** drawn to scale.
- 

**Question 1 (3 marks)**

a. Let  $y = x^2 \cos(x)$ .

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

1 mark

---

---

---

b. Let  $f(x) = 6\sqrt{x+1} + 5$ .

Find the gradient of the tangent to  $y = f(x)$  at  $x = 8$ .

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---



24-02

**Question 2 (2 marks)**

Let  $g(x)$  be a function defined for  $x > -\frac{3}{2}$  so that  $g'(x) = \frac{1}{2x+3}$  and  $g(1) = 0$ .

Find  $g(x)$ .

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Do not write in this area.

7021237



24-03

**Question 3** (6 marks)

Let  $f: [0, 2\pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x) = 2\cos(2x) + 1$ .

a. State the range of  $f$ .

1 mark

---



---

b. Solve  $f(x) = 0$  for  $x$ .

3 marks

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

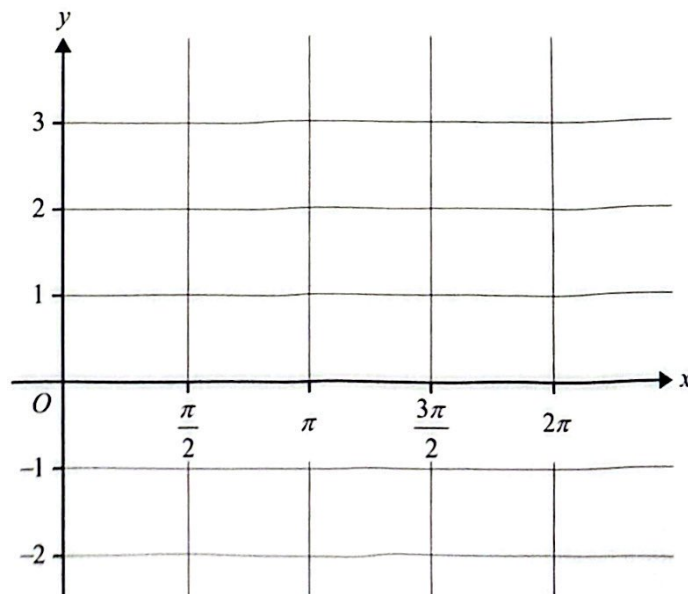


---

c. Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  for  $x \in \left[\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right]$  on the axes below.

Label the endpoints with their coordinates.

2 marks



24-04

**Question 4 (4 marks)**

The probability distribution for the discrete random variable  $X$  is given in the table below, where  $k$  is a positive real number.

$x$	0	1	2	3
$\Pr(X=x)$	$\frac{4}{k}$	$\frac{2k}{75}$	$\frac{k}{75}$	$\frac{2}{k}$

- a. Show that  $k = 10$  or  $k = 15$ .

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

- b. Let  $k = 15$ .

- i. Find  $\Pr(X > 1)$ .

1 mark

---

---

---

- ii. Find  $E(X)$ .

1 mark

---

---

---

---



**Question 5** (4 marks)

a. Solve  $e^{2x} - 8e^x + 7 = 0$  for  $x$ .

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

b. Let  $g(x) = e^{2x} - 8e^x + 7$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

The function  $g(x)$  has exactly one stationary point, a local minimum.

Find the largest value of  $a$  such that when  $g$  is restricted to the domain  $(-\infty, a]$  it has an inverse function.

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



24-06

**Question 6** (3 marks)

Consider the binomial random variable  $X \sim \text{Bi}\left(6, \frac{1}{4}\right)$ .

a. Find  $\text{var}(X)$ .

1 mark

---

---

---

b. Determine  $\Pr(X \geq 5)$ .

Give your answer in the form  $\frac{a}{2^b}$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



**Question 7** (6 marks)

Let  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 16x - 20$ .

a. Verify that  $x = 5$  is a solution of  $f(x) = 0$ .

1 mark

---

---

---

---

b. Express  $f(x)$  in the form  $(x+d)^2(x-5)$ , where  $d \in \mathbb{R}$ .

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

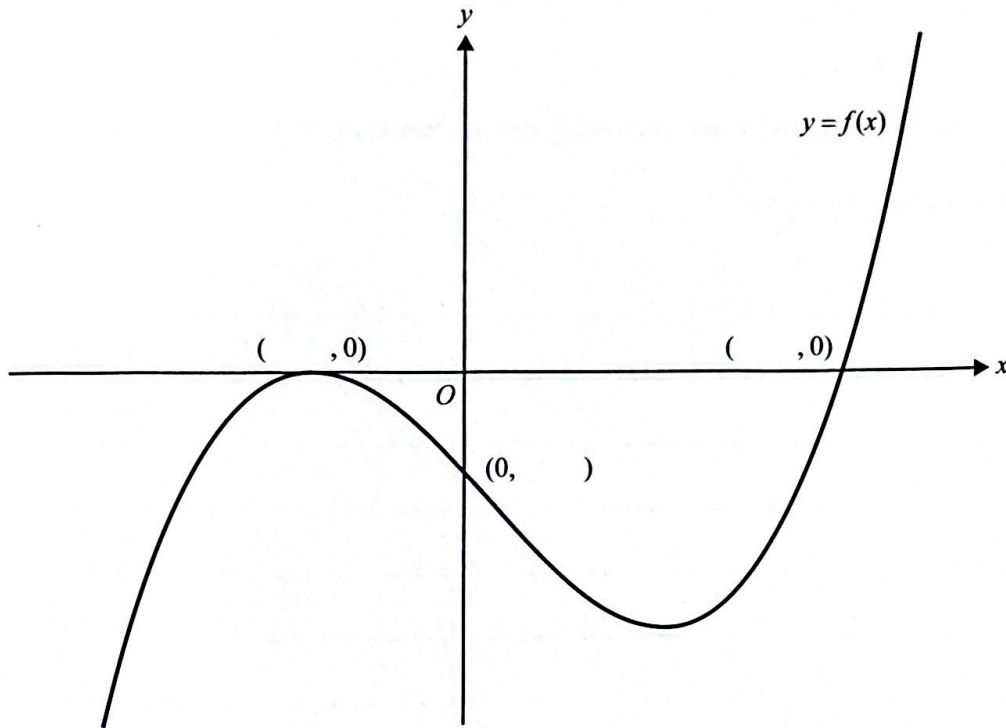


24-08

c. Consider the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , as shown below.

Complete the coordinate pairs of all axial intercepts of  $y = f(x)$ .

1 mark



d. Let  $g : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $g(x) = x + 2$ .

i. State the coordinates of the stationary point of inflection for the graph of  $y = f(x)g(x)$ .

1 mark

---



---



---

ii. Write down the values of  $x$  for which  $f(x)g(x) \geq 0$ .

1 mark

---



---



---



24-09

**Question 8 (5 marks)**

Consider

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{8}(4-3x) & 0 \leq x \leq \frac{4}{3} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a. The continuous random variable  $X$  has probability density function  $f(x)$ .

Find  $k$  such that  $\Pr(X > k) = \frac{9}{16}$ .

3 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

- b. The function  $h(x)$  is a transformation of  $f(x)$  such that

$$h(x) = mf(x) + n$$

where  $m$  and  $n$  are real numbers.

Find  $\int_0^{\frac{4}{3}} h(x) dx$  in terms of  $m$  and  $n$ .

2 marks

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



**This page is blank.**

Examination continues on the next page.



24-11





**This page is blank.**

7021237



24-14

**This page is blank.**



24-15

© Victorian Curriculum and Assessment Authority 2025

7021237



24-16